

Version 1.0	MSDS Number: H51229	Revision Date: 13.03.2015
SECTION 1: Identification of	the substance/mixture and of	f the company/undertaking
1.1 Product identifier		
Trade name	: MX503, MX603	
1.2 Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and us	es advised against
Use of the Sub- stance/Mixture	: Curing chemical	
Recommended restrictions on use	: For use in industrial installati only.	ons or professional treatment
1.3 Details of the supplier of th	e safety data sheet	
Company	: Roberlo s.a. Ctra. Nacional II, Km. 706,5 17457 Riudellots de la Selva Spain	a
Telephone	: +34972478060	
Telefax	: +34972477394	
E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS	: msds@roberlo.com	

1.4 Emergency telephone number

+34 972 478060 (8:00-12:45 / 14:15-17:30 h) ROBERLO (Spain) (GMT + 1:00)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Flammable liquids, Category 3	H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.
Aspiration hazard, Category 1	H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters air- ways.
Skin irritation, Category 2	H315: Causes skin irritation.
Skin sensitisation, Category 1	H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye irritation, Category 2	H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
Acute toxicity, Category 4	H332: Harmful if inhaled.



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	an toxicity - single ex- 8, Respiratory system	H335: May caus	se respiratory irritation.
Specific target orga posure, Category 3 system	an toxicity - single ex- 3, Central nervous	H336: May caus	se drowsiness or dizziness.
Specific target orga exposure, Categor	an toxicity - repeated y 2		se damage to organs through pro- ted exposure if inhaled.
Classification (67	/548/EEC, 1999/45/EC)		
Flammable		R10: Flammable	9.
Harmful		R20/21: Harmfu skin.	l by inhalation and in contact with
Irritant		R37/38: Irritating	g to respiratory system and skin.
		R43: May cause	e sensitisation by skin contact.
		R66: Repeated or cracking.	exposure may cause skin dryness
		R67: Vapours m ness.	nay cause drowsiness and dizzi-

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008	3)
Hazard pictograms		
Signal word	: Danger	
Hazard statements	: H226 H304 H315 H317 H319 H332 H335 H336 H373	Flammable liquid and vapour. May be fatal if swallowed and enters air- ways. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause damage to organs through pro- longed or repeated exposure if inhaled.
Precautionary statements	: Prevention P210	: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

SAFETY DATA SHEET according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



MX503, MX603

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		smoking.	
	P280	Wear protect	ive gloves/ protective clothing/ n/ face protection.
	P260	Do not breath	
	P260	Do not breath	•
	Response:		
	P301 + P310		VED: Immediately call a NTER or doctor/ physician.
	P331	Do NOT indu	
	P362 + P364	Take off cont before reuse.	aminated clothing and wash it
	P370 + P378		e: Use dry sand, dry chemical sistant foam to extinguish.
	Storage:		
	P403 Disposal:	Store in a we	II-ventilated place.
	P501		ontents/ container to an ap- e disposal plant.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

HDI oligomers, isocyanurate

xylene (mixture of isomers)

Additional Labelling:

EUH204 Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature : Paint

Hazardous components

Chemical Name	CAS-No. EC-No. Registration number	Classification (67/548/EEC)	Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)	Concentration (%)
HDI oligomers, isocy- anurate	28182-81-2 500-060-2 01- 2119485796-17	Xn-Xi; R20-R37- R43	Acute Tox.4; H332 Skin Sens.1; H317 STOT SE3; H335	>= 30 - < 50
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	R10	Flam. Liq.3; H226	>= 20 - < 30



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	204-658-1 01- 2119485493-29	R66 R67	STOT SE3; H336	
xylene (mixture of iso- mers)	1330-20-7 215-535-7 01- 2119488216-32	R10 Xn; R20/21 Xi; R38	Flam. Liq.3; H226 Acute Tox.4; H332 Acute Tox.4; H312 Skin Irrit.2; H315 Eye Irrit.2; H319 STOT SE3; H335 STOT RE2; H373 Asp. Tox.1; H304	>= 12.5 - < 2
ethylbenzene	100-41-4 202-849-4	F; R11 Xn; R20	Flam. Liq.2; H225 Acute Tox.4; H332 STOT RE2; H373 Asp. Tox.1; H304	>= 1 - < 10
Solvent naphtha (petro- leum), light arom.	64742-95-6 265-199-0 01- 2119455851-35	R66 R67	Flam. Liq.3; H226 Asp. Tox.1; H304 STOT SE3; H335, H336 Aquatic Chronic2; H411	>= 1 - < 2.5
Substances with a workp				40.0
2-methoxy-1- methylethyl acetate	108-65-6 203-603-9 01- 2119475791-29	R10	Flam. Liq.3; H226	>= 10 - < 2

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice	: Move out of dangerous area. Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
If inhaled	: Move to fresh air. Consult a physician after significant exposure.
In case of skin contact	 Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
In case of eye contact	 Flush eyes with water as a precaution. Remove contact lenses. Protect unharmed eye. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.



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If swallowed	Do NOT induce vomiting. Do not give milk or alcoholic b	Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.	
4.2 Most important symptoms ar	nd effects, both acute and delaye	ed	
Symptoms	 Inhalation may provoke the for Headache Vertigo Fatigue Skin contact may provoke the Redness Ingestion may provoke the fol Abdominal pain Vomiting Diarrhoea 	e following symptoms:	
4.3 Indication of any immediate Treatment	•	ach should be emptied by gastric	
SECTION 5: Firefighting meas	sures		
5.1 Extinguishing media			
Suitable extinguishing media	: Alcohol-resistant foam Dry chemical		
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: High volume water jet		
5.2 Special hazards arising from	the substance or mixture		
Specific hazards during fire- fighting	: Do not use a solid water strea fire.	am as it may scatter and spread	
Hazardous combustion prod- ucts	: No hazardous combustion pro	oducts are known	
5.3 Advice for firefighters			
Special protective equipment for firefighters	: In the event of fire, wear self-	contained breathing apparatus.	



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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protect	ive equipment and emergency procedures
Personal precautions	: Use personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation.
6.2 Environmental precautions	
Environmental precautions	: Try to prevent the material from entering drains or water courses.
6.3 Methods and material for con	tainment and cleaning up
Mothode for cleaning up	: Soak up with inort absorbant material (a g sand silica gol

wethous for cleaning up	Soak up with men absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel,
	acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).
	Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For contact information in case of emergency, see section 1. For information on safe handling, see section 7. For exposure controls and personal protection measures, see section 8. For subsequent waste disposal, follow the recommendations in section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling	 Avoid exceeding of the given occupational exposure limits (see section 8). Avoid contact with skin and eyes. For personal protection see section 8. Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms.
Advice on protection against fire and explosion	: Avoid formation of aerosol. Keep away from sources of igni- tion - No smoking. Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge.
Hygiene measures	: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.
2 Conditions for sofe storage	

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage	: No smoking. Keep in a well-ventilated place.
areas and containers	



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Further information on stor- age conditions	: <** Phrase language not avail Z99.0000000038 **>	able: [EN] CUST -
Other data	: No decomposition if stored an	d applied as directed.
7.3 Specific end use(s) Specific use(s)	: For the use of this product do dations apart from that already	

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
HDI oligomers, isocyanurate	28182-81-2	TWA	0.02 mg/m3 (as -NCO)	GB EH40
Further information	and respirator responsivenes airways have sometimes ev symptoms can who are expor- possible to ide responsive. 5 distinguished people with pr clude the dise asthmagens of exposure to s vented. When standards of of substances th sure be reduce short-term pea management employees ex occupational a occupational a occupational a lance., Capab are those which by inhalation'; tact' or - are l sessments of updated from has shown to in the list of W	y sensitisers) can in- ss via an immunolog become hyper-respo- ren to tiny quantities, n range in severity fr sed to a sensitiser we entify in advance tho 54 Substances that can from substances what re-existing airway hy ase themselves. The or respiratory sensitis ubstances that can can be this is not possible control to prevent wo at can cause occupated as low as is reased ak concentrations sh is being considered. sposed or liable to be asthma and there sh nealth professional of le of causing occupated ch: - are assigned the or 'R42/43: May cau- isted in section C of the evidence for age time to time, or any be a potential cause	ational asthma (also known a duce a state of specific airwa ical, irritant or other mechanionsive, further exposure to the may cause respiratory symp om a runny nose to asthma. ill become hyper-responsive se who are likely to become an cause occupational asthm ich may trigger the symptom per-responsiveness, but while a latter substances are not cl sers., Wherever it is reasonal cause occupational asthma s the primary aim is to apply a rkers from becoming hyper-re ational asthma, COSHH requi- onably practicable. Activities ould receive particular attent Health surveillance is appro- e exposed to a substance who ould be appropriate consulta ver the degree of risk and le ational asthma. The identified he risk phrase 'R42: May cau use sensitisation by inhalation HSE publication 'Asthmager ents implicated in occupation other substance which the rist of occupational asthma., The ned only to those substances	ay hyper- ism. Once the le substance, btoms. These Not all workers and it is im- hyper- na should be s of asthma in ch do not in- assified oly practicable, hould be pre- adequate esponsive. For irres that expo- giving rise to ion when risk priate for all ich may cause tion with an vel of surveil- d substances se sensitisation n and skin con- n? Critical as- al asthma' as sk assessment te 'Sen' notation



sion 1.0	MS	DS Number: H5122	9 Revisi	on Date: 13.03.2015
HDI oligomers, isocyanurate	28182-81-2	STEL	0.07 mg/m3 (as -NCO)	GB EH40
Further information	and respirator responsiveners airways have sometimes er symptoms car who are expor- possible to id responsive. distinguished people with p clude the disc asthmagens exposure to s vented. Whe standards of substances th sure be reduce short-term per management employees er occupational lance., Capal are those wh by inhalation tact' or - are sessments of updated from has shown to in the list of V	by sensitisers) can i ess via an immunolo become hyper-resp ven to tiny quantities an range in severity is beed to a sensitiser dentify in advance th 54 Substances that I from substances what case themselves. The or respiratory sensit substances that can re this is not possible control to prevent what can cause occup ced as low as is real eak concentrations set is being considered xposed or liable to be asthma and there set health professional ble of causing occup ich: - are assigned '; or 'R42/43: May case is the evidence for ago time to time, or any obe a potential cause	pational asthma (also nduce a state of specifi- gical, irritant or other r consive, further exposu- s, may cause respirato from a runny nose to a will become hyper-resp ose who are likely to b can cause occupational hich may trigger the sy yper-responsiveness, he latter substances ar isers., Wherever it is re- cause occupational as e, the primary aim is to orkers from becoming bational asthma, COSI sonably practicable. As should receive particula d. Health surveillance i be exposed to a substa hould be appropriate of over the degree of risk bational asthma. The id the risk phrase 'R42: N ause sensitisation by ir f HSE publication 'Astl gents implicated in occ y other substance which gned only to those sub-	fic airway hyper- nechanism. Once the ure to the substance, ory symptoms. These asthma. Not all worke ponsive and it is im- pecome hyper- al asthma should be ymptoms of asthma is but which do not in- re not classified easonably practicable sthma should be pre- papely adequate hyper-responsive. F HH requires that exp ctivities giving rise to a attention when rist s appropriate for all ance which may cause consultation with an k and level of surveil- dentified substances May cause sensitisat shalation and skin co- hmagen? Critical as- supational asthma' as the risk assessme ima., The 'Sen' notat
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	TWA	150 ppm 724 mg/m3	GB EH40
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	STEL	200 ppm 966 mg/m3	GB EH40
2-methoxy-1- methylethyl ace- tate	108-65-6	TWA	50 ppm 275 mg/m3	2000/39/E0
Further information	Identifies the	possibility of signific	cant uptake through the	e skin, Indicative
2-methoxy-1- methylethyl ace- tate	108-65-6	STEL	100 ppm 550 mg/m3	2000/39/E0
Further information	Identifies the	possibility of signific	cant uptake through the	e skin, Indicative
2-methoxy-1-	108-65-6	TWA	50 ppm 274 mg/m3	GB EH40
methylethyl ace- tate			g	
methylethyl ace-			he assigned substanc	



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methylethyl ace- tate			548 mg/m3	
Further information			he assigned substances are t sorption will lead to systemic	
xylene (mixture of isomers)	1330-20-7	TWA	50 ppm 220 mg/m3	GB EH40
Further information			he assigned substances are t sorption will lead to systemic	
xylene (mixture of isomers)	1330-20-7	STEL	100 ppm 441 mg/m3	GB EH40
Further information			he assigned substances are t sorption will lead to systemic	
xylene (mixture of isomers)	1330-20-7	TWA	50 ppm 221 mg/m3	2000/39/EC
Further information	Identifies the	Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin, Indicative		
xylene (mixture of isomers)	1330-20-7	STEL	100 ppm 442 mg/m3	2000/39/EC
Further information	Identifies the	possibility of signification	ant uptake through the skin, I	Indicative
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	TWA	100 ppm 442 mg/m3	2000/39/EC
Further information	Identifies the	possibility of signification	ant uptake through the skin, I	Indicative
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	STEL	200 ppm 884 mg/m3	2000/39/EC
Further information	Identifies the	possibility of signification	ant uptake through the skin, I	Indicative
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	TWA	100 ppm 441 mg/m3	GB EH40
Further information	Can be absorbed through skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity.			
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	STEL	125 ppm 552 mg/m3	GB EH40
Further information		5	he assigned substances are t sorption will lead to systemic	

Biological occupational exposure limits

Substance name	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Sampling time	Basis
	28182-81-2	urinary diamine: 1µmol/mol creati- nine (Urine)	Post task	GB EH40 BAT
	1330-20-7	methyl hippuric acid: 650mmol/mol creatinine (Urine)	Post shift	GB EH40 BAT

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

n-butyl acetate	: End Use: Workers
	Exposure routes: Inhalation
	Potential health effects: Long-term systemic effects
	Value: 480 mg/m3
xylene	: End Use: Workers
-	Exposure routes: Inhalation
	Potential health effects: Long-term systemic effects



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ethylbenzene	Value: 77 mg/m3 : End Use: Workers Exposure routes: Inhalation Potential health effects: Lor Value: 77 mg/m3 : End Use: Workers	
Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified	Exposure routes: Inhalation Potential health effects: Lor Value: 608 mg/m3	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl ace- tate	0	
8.2 Exposure controls		
Personal protective equipme	ent	
Eye protection	: Eye wash bottle with pure wa Tightly fitting safety goggles	ater
Hand protection		
Remarks	to satisfy the specifications of	selected protective gloves have f EU Directive 89/686/EEC and from it. Before removing gloves ater.
Skin and body protection	: impervious clothing Choose body protection acco tration of the dangerous subs	ording to the amount and concen- stance at the work place.
Respiratory protection	: In the case of vapour formation proved filter.	on use a respirator with an ap-

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	: liquid
Colour	: colourless
Odour	: characteristic
рН	: not applicable
Melting point/range	: not applicable
Boiling point/boiling range	: 126.3 °C (7.6 hPa)
Flash point	: 28 °C



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	Method: ISO 1523, closed cup Setaflash	
Upper explosion limit	: No data available	
Lower explosion limit	: No data available	
Vapour pressure	: 6.6 hPa (20 °C)	
	44 hPa (50 °C)	
Density	: 0.98 - 1.0 g/cm3 (20 °C) Method: ISO 2811-1	
Solubility(ies) Water solubility	: immiscible	
Auto-ignition temperature	: not determined	
Viscosity Viscosity, dynamic	: 17 - 26 mPa.s (20 °C) Method: ISO 2555	
Viscosity, kinematic	: > 20 mm2/s (40 °C)	
9.2 Other information		

No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.2 Chemical stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : No decomposition if used as directed.

Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.



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10.5 Incompatible materials		
Materials to avoid	: Strong acids and oxidizing a	gents
10.6 Hazardous decomposition	products	
Hazardous decomposition products	: Isocyanates	
SECTION 11: Toxicological ir	formation	
11.1 Information on toxicologica	Il effects	
Acute toxicity		
Product:		
Acute inhalation toxicity	: Acute toxicity estimate : 19.3 Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: vapour Method: Calculation method	8 mg/l
Acute dermal toxicity	: Acute toxicity estimate : > 2,0 Method: Calculation method	000 mg/kg
Components:		
HDI oligomers, isocyanurat Acute oral toxicity	e: : LD50 Oral (rat): > 2,000 mg/k	/0
	Method: OECD Test Guidelin	
Acute inhalation toxicity	: LC50 (rat): > 0.543 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Method: OECD Test Guidelin	ne 403
Acute dermal toxicity	: LD50 (rat): > 2,000 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guidelin	ne 402
n-butyl acetate:		
Acute oral toxicity	: LD50 Oral (rat): 10,768 mg/k Method: OECD Test Guidelin	
Acute inhalation toxicity	: LC50 (rat): 23.4 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Method: OECD Test Guidelin	ne 403
Acute dermal toxicity	: LD50 (rabbit): 17,600 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guidelin	ne 402
xylene (mixture of isomers) Acute oral toxicity	: LD50 Oral (rat): 4,300 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guidelin	



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Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (rat): 22.08 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 403	3
Acute dermal toxicity	:	Acute toxicity estimate : 1,100 mg/ Method: Converted acute toxicity p	
ethylbenzene: Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 Oral (rat): 3,500 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 401	I
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (rat): 17.4 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 403	3
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (rabbit): 15,400 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 402	2
Solvent naphtha (petroleum)). li	ght arom.:	
Acute oral toxicity		LD50 Oral (rat): 3,592 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 401	l
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (rat): > 20 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h	
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (rabbit): 3,160 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 402	2
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl ace	eta	te:	
Acute oral toxicity		LD50 Oral (rat): 8,532 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 401	I.
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (rat): 35.7 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 403	}
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (rat): 5,000 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 402	2
Skin corrosion/irritation			
Product:			
Result: Skin irritation			
Serious eye damage/eye irrit	tati	on	
Product:			
Remarks: Severe eye irritation			
Respiratory or skin sensitisa	atic	on	
Product:			



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Remarks: Causes sensitisatio	n.	
Germ cell mutagenicity		
Product: Germ cell mutagenicity- As- sessment	: Based on available data, the	classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity		
Product: Carcinogenicity - Assess- ment	: Based on available data, the	classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity		
Product: Reproductive toxicity - As- sessment	: Based on available data, the	classification criteria are not met.
STOT - single exposure		
Dreduct		

Product:

Assessment: The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with respiratory tract irritation., The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with narcotic effects.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Assessment: The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure, category 2.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Solvents may degrease the skin.



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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

<u>Components:</u> HDI oligomers, isocyanurate	:		
Toxicity to algae		EC50 (Algae): 370 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201	
n-butyl acetate:			
Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Fish): 18 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203	
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia): 32 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202	
Toxicity to algae	:	EC50 (Algae): 675 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201	
xylene (mixture of isomers):			
Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Fish): 14 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203	
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia): 16 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202	
ethylbenzene:			
Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Fish): 12 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203	
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia): 1.8 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202	
Toxicity to algae	:	EC50 (Algae): 33 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:			
Toxicity to fish		LC50 (Fish): 9.2 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203	



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Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	: EC50 (Daphnia): 3.2 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 20	2
Toxicity to algae	: EC50 (Algae): 2.9 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 20	1
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl ace	tate:	
Toxicity to fish	: LC50 (Fish): 100 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 20	3
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	: EC50 (Daphnia): 408 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 20	2
Toxicity to algae	: EC50 (Algae): 1,000 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 20	1
12.2 Persistence and degradabilit No data available	у	
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential No data available		
12.4 Mobility in soil No data available		
12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB ass	sessment	
Product:		
Assessment	 This substance/mixture contains r to be either persistent, bioaccumu very persistent and very bioaccum 0.1% or higher. 	lative and toxic (PBT), or
12.6 Other adverse effects		
Product:		
	: There is no data available for this	product.

Product

: Do not dispose of waste into sewer. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container.



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	Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company.		
Contaminated packaging	 Empty remaining contents. Dispose of as unused product. Do not re-use empty containers. Do not burn, or use a cutting torch on, the empty drum. 		

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number	
ADR	: UN 1263
IMDG	: UN 1263
ΙΑΤΑ	: UN 1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	
ADR	: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
IMDG	: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
ΙΑΤΑ	: Paint related material
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	
ADR	: 3
IMDG	: 3
ΙΑΤΑ	: 3
14.4 Packing group	
ADR Packing group Classification Code Hazard Identification Number Labels	: III : F1 : 30 : 3
IMDG Packing group Labels EmS Code	: III : 3 : F-E, <u>S-E</u>
IATA Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) Packing instruction (LQ) Packing group Labels	: 366 : Y344 : III : Flammable Liquids

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR



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Version 1.0	MSDS Number: H51229	Revision Date: 13.03.2015
Environmentally hazardous	: no	
IMDG Marine pollutant	: no	
14.6 Special precautions for user not applicable		
14.7 Transport in bulk according Not applicable for product as	g to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 a supplied.	nd the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

P5c	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS	5,000 t	50,000 t
34	Petroleum products: (a) gasolines and naphthas, (b) kerosenes (including jet fuels), (c) gas oils (includ- ing diesel fuels, home heating oils and gas oil blending streams)	2,500 t	25,000 t
Other regulations	The product is classified and labelled in accordance with EC directives or respective national laws.		nce with EC

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

not applicable

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of R-Phrases

R10	Flammable.
R11	Highly flammable.
R20	Harmful by inhalation.
R20/21	Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin.
R37	Irritating to respiratory system.
R38	Irritating to skin.
R43	May cause sensitisation by skin contact.
R51/53	Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
R65	Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.
R66	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
R67	Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Full text of H-Statements



Version 1.0	MSDS Number: H51229	Revision Date: 13.03.2015
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.	
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.	
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters air	ways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.	
H315	Causes skin irritation.	
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.	
H332	Harmful if inhaled.	
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.	
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
H373	May cause damage to organs through puint if inhaled.	rolonged or repeated exposure
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effe	ects.

Further information

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.